



Sant Dnyaneshwar Shikshan Sanstha's

Annasaheb Dange College of B Pharmacy, Ashta



Aspire

2023-24

 *Shaping Future...* Transforming Healthcare Education beyond Degree...

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OUR DESK



Hon. Dr. Annasaheb Dange (Appa)

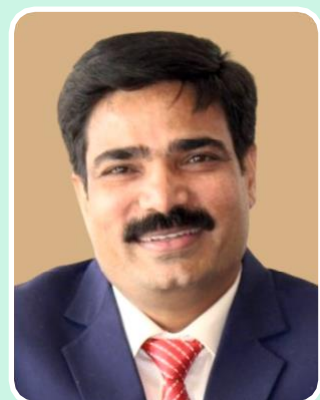
Founder - Chairman, SDSS, Islampur
Former Rural Development Minister,
Govt. of Maharashtra



Adv. Rajendra Dange
Secretary (SDSS)




Prof. Rafiq Kanai
Executive Director (SDSS)



Prof. (Dr.) Mahesh Saralaya
Principal (ADCBP)

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OUR INSPIRATION



Hon. Dr. Annasaheb Dange (Appa)
Founder - Chairman, SDSS, Islampur

- 📚 **Former Minister for Rural Development, Water supply, Social Welfare, Maharashtra State.**
- 📚 **Founder of 41 educational institutes with best track record.**
- 📚 **Best Parliamentarian award for best speech on the floor of the house.**
- 📚 **Author of Various inspiring books.**

Sant Dnyaneshwar Shikshan Sansthas

**ANNASAHEB DANGE COLLEGE OF B.PHARMACY,
ASHTA**

Tal - Walwa, Dist: Sangli, Ph-02342-241124, Web: www.adcbp.in Email: principaladcbp@gmail.com

Vision

“To create competent pharmacy professionals who can efficiently contribute for the healthcare system of society and to the pharmacy profession.”

EDITORIAL BOARD

Editor In Chief
Dr. M. G. Saralaya

Co-Ordinator
Ms. Sravani Ravala

Mission

- 1. To provide student centric active innovative learning environment, with strategically planned quality pharma education consistent with the policies of state and nation.**
- 2. To nurture and inculcate the team spirit, research, innovation, Creativity, and entrepreneurship.**
- 3. To strengthen Industry- Institute and Institute – institute interaction for the overall development of students.**
- 4. To help the students to disseminate acquired knowledge through the fullest commitment for healthcare services.**

FROM THE DESK OF PRINCIPAL



***Prof. Dr. Mahesh. G. Saralaya
Professor and Principal,
Annasaheb Dange College of B. Pharmacy, Ashta***

It is with great pride and sincere privilege that I am writing this message to present "ASPIRE-2024" a non-technical magazine of our institute ADCBP, Ashta. Objective of Aspire magazine is to provide a platform for the young minds to showcase their hidden talents, creativity to enhance their skill and inculcate the scenes of responsibilities towards profession and society.

Aspire magazine is the glimpse of various achievements of academic and non-academic excellences achieved by the fraternity and students for the current academic year. It reflects the efforts that our fraternity and students has put in to enhance their skill, shoulder their responsibilities towards a better profession and society in large through various activities.

I sincerely appreciate all the contributors for their contributions in showcasing the hidden talents to uphold the name and fame of the profession. I wish all the luck for their future endeavors...

GLIMPSE OF MAGAZINE

➤ **Editor's Desk**

Ms. Sravani Ravala

➤ **Cover page**

Mr. Shubham Sisale

➤ **Introduction**

➤ **Marathi section**

➤ **Hindi section**

➤ **English section**

➤ **Highlights of Institute through photographs**

❖ *Photography*

❖ *Art*

❖ *NSS Activities*

❖ *Cultural events*

- *Freshers' day celebrations*
- *Ganesh Chaturthi*
- *Republic day*
- *Shivaji Maharaj Jayanti*
- *Alumni meet*
- *Aspire 2k24*
- *Maharashtra day*
- *Farewell*

❖ *Sports*

FROM EDITOR'S DESK



Ms. Sravani Ravala
Assistant professor
Department of Pharmaceutics

Dear ADCBP Students and Readers; Welcome to Non-technical Magazine Aspire 2023- 24. It gives me an immense pleasure in bringing out this non-technical magazine. This magazine includes the hidden potentials, new talents, extra-curricular activities, and events organized by the institute.

I would like to express our sincere thanks to Respected Principal Sir, Prof. Dr. Mahesh G. Saralaya for giving us an opportunity and reliable guidance to Co-ordinate this magazine. I also thank our colleagues, students and staff for their co-operation, support, and encouragement during compilation of this non-technical magazine.

Once again, I would like to thank all the individuals who are, or have been, associated with the magazine and we look forward to many more of publishing the magazines in the future. Suggestions and Criticism for further improvement will be welcome.

I hope you all enjoy reading it as much as we do.

- ❖ *The Annasaheb Dange College of B Pharmacy, Ashta is one of the foremost pharmacy Institute in the Western Maharashtra, distinguished by its commitment to create competent pharmacy professionals who can efficiently contribute for the healthcare system of society and to the pharmacy profession. In order to provide higher education to the students of rural areas, ADCBP is established in 2016 by the Hon. Ex. Minister, Dr. Annasaheb Dange. Currently institute offers B. Pharmacy program (100 Intake) and D. Pharmacy program (60 Intake) approved by Pharmacy Council of India, New Delhi, AICTE, New Delhi, Government of Maharashtra, DTE, Mumbai and affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur and MSBTE, Mumbai. The institute is recognised by the UGC under section 2(f) of the UGC Act, 1956. The institute is accredited by NAAC with 'A+' Grade and 3.48 CGPA. The D. Pharmacy program is accredited by National Board of Accreditation (NBA).*
- ❖ *ADCP's campus occupies 32 acres in the heart of the Ashta city, (District Sangli), where near about 500 undergraduate and 250 Diploma students receive a focused, industry-based education of Pharmacy. At Annasaheb Dange College of B Pharmacy, we certainly believe that we can prepare the next generation for future. So, we emphasize the 4 C's: COMPETENCE | CONFIDENCE | COMMITMENT | COMPASSION.*

To experience the true joy of learning come, join us and be a part of an institute!!



















तु

सूर्याचं तेज तु,
चंद्राचं प्रीत तु,
आगेची किरण तु,
जगण्याची ओढ तु.

मनाचा आधार तु,
स्मित हस्याचे कारण तु,
डोळयानले अभु तु,
हया वेद्या जीवाचे रागन तु,

जिवनाचे सार तु,
मायेची पाझर तु,
उन्हातली सावली तु,
था आयुष्याचे सार्थक तु,

कुणाची बहीणगं तु,
जिवनाची साशी तु,
आई नावाची हाक तु,
तुला काय म्हणू सांग तु.....

Mr. Viraj Patil
Final Year B. Pharm
ADCBP, Ashta

स्त्री

आईच्या घरी बोलतात लेक परक्याचे धन.
सासरी बोलतात दुसऱ्याच्या धरून आली
स्त्री इतकी श्रेष्ठ असूनही का बर परकी झाली ?
शब्दही अपुरे पडतील अशी आहे तिची महती..
करू द्या ना तिला ही आता स्वतःची प्रगती.

अत्याचार सासूरवास सगळ्या गोष्टी सहन करूनठी
नेहमी जपते ती आपुलकी,
तरीही ती का बर परकी ?
कोणी किती जरी तिला बोलते तरी सगळ्या नात्यांना
धरून ठेऊन जाणते ती माणूसकी,
तरीही ती का बर परकी ?
स्त्री म्हणजे मातृत्व छाया देणारं वटवृक्ष
वेदनांनाही लाज वाटेल अशी आहे तिची सहनशक्ती
स्त्री इतकी श्रेष्ठ असूनही का बर परकी ?

म्हवूनच सांगते प्रेक,
जिजाऊंची शिवकन्या तू
सावित्रीची लेक तू
पण काही छाडू देऊ नको तुझे पंख तू
जग काय मसचं बोलायचं, चालायचं
पण तुझ्या शक्तीचा वसा
असाच जपून ठेव तू...

सर्व स्त्री शक्तीला समर्पित !

Ms. Dhanshree Sutar
First Year B. Pharm
ADCBP, Ashta

माझा राजा

असा आमचा थोर राजा होऊनी गेला, प्र
त्येकाच्या मनात इतिहास पेरुनी गेला.

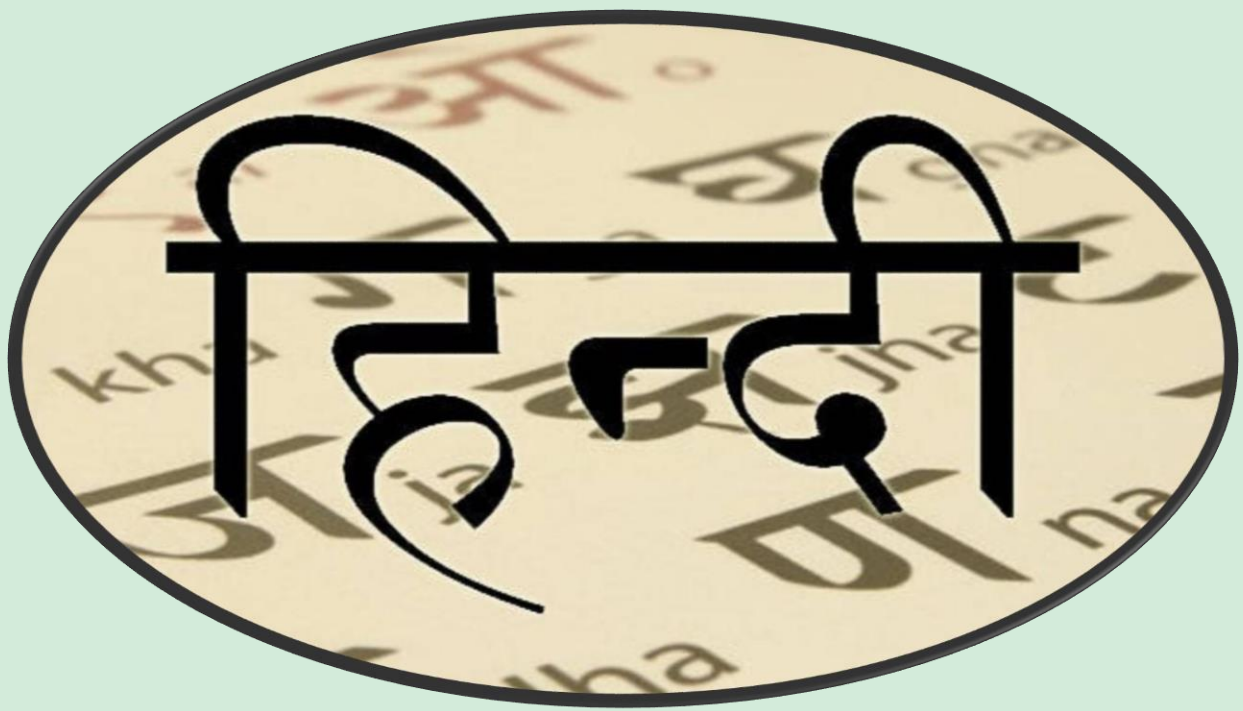
माझ्या राजाच्या आयुष्यात आली खूप
संकटे, पण तो घाबरला नाही,
येणाऱ्या संकटाना धैर्याने व शौनि
सामोरे गेला,
असा आमचा थोर राजा होऊनी गेला.

कधीही माझ्या राजानं हिंदू-मुसलमान
असा भेदभाव नाही केला,
जो येईल स्वराज्यात त्यास न्याय मिळवूनी
दिला,
असा आमचा शोर राजा होऊनी गेला.

माझ्या राजाच्या राज्यात अनेक मावळे
स्वराज्यासाठी या वीरांनी प्राण अर्पण
केले. त्यांच्या या पराक्रमाने इतिहास
कोरला गेला, असा आमचा थोर राजा होऊनी गेला.

अजूनही माझ्या राज्यचं नाव आहे
प्रत्येकाच्या हृदयात
त्या वैभवशाली इतिहास कोरला गेलाय
अवघ्या महाराष्ट्राच्या मना-मनात
जय शिवाजी, जय भवानी जयघोष
करू जना जनात

Ms. Srushti Badame
First Year B. Pharm
ADCBP, Ashta



सपने

सपना भी तो
कितनी प्यारी शह है
कभी ले जाती कल्पना
की रंगीन दुनियां में तो
कभी हकीकत से भी
रूबरू कराती यह है....
एक एक कर खोलें आज
सपनों की जो तह है...

इक सपना देखा
और कुछ पाने की फिर
लालसा थी मन में पली
सपने को बना लक्ष्य अपना
भेदने को हर पल आगे चली
ऐसे कुछ सपने होते हैं
मंजिल की राह दिखाने को
पाकर मंजिल मेहनत से
मुकद्दर का शाह बनाने को
जीत के फिर इक सपना
पकड़ते नए सपने की गली

इक सपना देखा फिर
खुशहाली में बसते
इक हंसते से परिवार का
झरना बहता जिसमें
सदा ही निश्छल प्यार का
ऐसे ही कुछ सपने
मोह के धागों से रखते
इकदूजे को हरदम बांधे
संकट में कदम मिलाते
खुशियों में मिलाते कांधे
जीकर ये सपना तो मिला
निचोड़ जीवन के सार का

बिना सिर पैर की बात लिए
कुछ सपने कभी कभी
ऐसे भी तो आ जाते हैं
इक अनोखी ही दुनियां से
जो मिलाने फिर ले जाते हैं
ये ही वो सपने हैं
जो मानसिक स्थिति को
हमारी हमें दर्शाते हैं
नींद में ही कभी हंसाते हैं
तो कभी थर थर कम्पाते हैं

नींद पर तो होता है
हर सपने का बोलबाला
कोई मिलाए कल्पनाओं से
किसी ने यथार्थ दिखा डाला
कुछ सपनों में जीते जागकर भी
कुछ ने दिमाग पर ही
लगा दिया सोच का जाला

सपनों पर अब फिर करते हैं
थोड़ा और सोच विचार
मत दो दुआ किसी को
हर सपना हो उसका साकार
हर सपने का सच होना भी
तो अच्छी बात नहीं
कुछ सपने सपने में ही
लगा देते विचारों पर ताला
मैंने भी तो सुबह उठकर
"शुक्र है भगवन सपना ही था"
कहकर कई बार सपने को टाला
कई बार सपने को टाला
भर लिया मन में फिर
हकीकतों के साथ का
उजियाला.....

Ms. Dipti Nanakwani
First Year B. Pharm
ADCBP, Ashta

कैसे बताऊँ मेरे लिए क्या हो तुम्

लापसंद जिंदगी का
मनपसंद किस्सा हो तुम
चाहत, प्यार, मोहब्बत हो तुम
कैसे बनाऊँ मेरे लिए क्या हो तुम

बरबादी, बुराई, अच्छाई हो तुम
ज्यान तुम नशा हो तुम
कैसे बताऊँ मेरे लिए क्या हो तुम

तुम्हे देखतेही जो बदजाए वो हाडकनू हो तुम
तुम्हें देखतेही छा जानेवाली खामोशी हो तुम

मेरे लिए सबकुछ हो तुम
अफसोस यही है। की मेरी नहीं हो तुम
फिर भी
नापसंद जिंदगी का मनपसंद किस्सा हो तुम...

Mr. Vivek Tandale
First Year B. Pharm
ADCBP, Ashta



Inflation, a curse to the common man

Inflation is a general increase in the prices of goods and services in an economy over time, which leads to a decrease in the purchasing power of money. The most used measures of inflation are the consumer price index (cpi) and the producer price index (ppi).

Inflation can be classified into two main types: -

1. Cost-push inflation: occurs when production costs increase, leading to higher prices for finished goods
2. Demand-pull inflation: arises when there is a surge in demand for goods and services, causing prices to rise

Inflation is influenced by various factors, including monetary and fiscal policies, supply shocks, and changes in inflation expectations. Central banks typically aim to maintain a low and stable rate of inflation, usually around 2%, to promote economic stability. The effects of inflation can be both positive and negative. While moderate inflation can stimulate economic growth, high inflation can erode purchasing power, discourage investment, and lead to economic instability. Governments and central banks use tools such as interest rate adjustments and fiscal measures to control inflation as of May 2024, the inflation rate in the eurozone was 2.57%, in China it was 0.10%, and in the united states it was 3.27%.

How does inflation impact everyday consumer spending?

Inflation has a significant impact on everyday consumer spending habits:

Inflation reduces the spending power of consumers, as prices rise quickly. This leads to consumers having less discretionary income and tending to spend less on non-essential items. Brand loyalty decreases as consumers become more price- sensitive and look for cheaper alternatives, including private label products and online discounts.

- Consumers are more likely to react to promotions and bulk discounts to save money on their purchases.
- Consumers in price-sensitive categories like furniture, cars, and home renovations are more likely to postpone or cut back on these discretionary purchases.
- However, some discretionary spending like leisure travel remains relatively resilient, as consumers are unwilling to cut back on these activities after the pandemic restrictions.

Inflation's impact on consumer financial well-being and spending intentions varies by income level, with lower-income consumers more affected. As inflation eases, higher-income consumers are more likely to increase spending on services and savings.

How does inflation affect the purchasing power of different income groups?

Inflation has a disproportionate impact on the purchasing power of lower- income groups compared to higher- income groups:

Lower-income consumers spend a larger portion of their income on necessities like food and housing, which have seen higher inflation rates. This reduces their discretionary spending power more significantly than those on fixed incomes like retirees are more vulnerable to inflation eroding their purchasing power over time, as their income does not rise with prices.

Higher-income consumers have more flexibility to absorb price increases and maintain their standard of living. They are also more likely to have assets that appreciate with inflation, like stocks and real estate. The impact of inflation on consumer financial well-being and spending intentions varies by income level, with lower-income consumers more affected. As inflation eases, higher-income consumers are more likely to increase spending on services and savings.

In summary, inflation tends to hit lower-income groups the hardest as they have less flexibility to absorb rising costs, while higher-income groups are better positioned to maintain their purchasing power. But inflation can still erode the savings and future purchasing power of all income groups to some degree.

What are the long-term effects of sustained inflation on an economy?

The long-term effects of sustained high inflation on an economy can be significant:

Erosion of purchasing power: high inflation reduces the real value of wages and savings, leading to a decline in living standards over time.

Capital misallocation and investment distortions: elevated inflation can favor certain asset classes like real estate over stocks, leading to inefficient allocation of capital

Steeper phillips curve: persistent high inflation may make the relationship between inflation and unemployment more volatile, complicating central bank policymaking.

Damage to business competitiveness: sustained high inflation in one country relative to others can make its exports less price competitive, reducing trade and economic growth

Uncertainty and loss of confidence: High and volatile inflation creates uncertainty for businesses and consumers, discouraging investment and spending.

Potential for wage-price spiral: If workers demand higher wages to keep up with inflation, and firms pass those costs on, it can lead to an upward spiral of wages and prices.

Overall, the evidence suggests that economies perform better with low and stable inflation, and that persistently high inflation can have significant long-term economic costs.

The main differences between demand-pull inflation and cost-push inflation are:

Demand-pull inflation occurs when there is an increase in aggregate demand that exceeds the economy's ability to produce, causing prices to rise. This is driven by factors like increased consumer spending, government spending, or foreign demand.

In contrast, cost-push inflation arises from a decrease in aggregate supply due to higher production costs. This can be caused by rising prices of raw materials, labor costs, or other input prices that companies then pass on to consumers in the form of higher prices.

How do central banks typically combat high inflation rates?

Central banks typically combat high inflation rates through the following key measures:

- Raising interest rates: by increasing the key interest rate, central banks make borrowing more expensive, which can decrease spending and slow down economic growth, thereby reducing inflationary pressures.
- Tightening monetary policy: central banks can decrease the money supply by selling government bonds or raising reserve requirements for banks. This reduces the amount of money circulating in the economy and can slow down inflation.
- Intervening in currency markets: central banks may try to achieve a currency appreciation, which can reduce the prices of imported goods and services and help combat cost-push inflation.
- Establishing an inflation target: many central banks set an explicit inflation target, usually around 2%, to anchor inflation expectations and guide their monetary policy decisions. This provides a clear framework for combating high inflation.
- Communicating policy intentions: clear communication by central banks about their inflation-fighting commitment and policy actions can help shape public expectations and reinforce the credibility of their anti-inflation stance.

The specific policy mix and intensity of these measures will depend on the economic conditions, the causes of high inflation, and the central bank's assessment of the appropriate trade-offs between fighting inflation and supporting other macroeconomic objectives.

Can inflation ever have a positive impact on income inequality?

Based on the search results, the relationship between inflation and income inequality can be complex and nuanced.

The research indicates that the impact of inflation on income inequality can be positive, negative, or even u-shaped, depending on the relative dominance of wealth distribution versus skill distribution in the economy.

Specifically:

- Sustained high inflation can exacerbate income inequality over time by disproportionately eroding the purchasing power and real incomes of lower-income households relative to the wealthy.
- However, the negative impact of inflation on inequality becomes stronger when initial inequality levels are already high. This suggests inflation can amplify pre-existing high inequality.

In contrast, when inequality is initially relatively low, higher inflation over a one-year period may increase income inequality¹. This could be due to the benefits of inflation accruing more to owners of assets and those with higher incomes.

So, in certain contexts, such as when inequality is initially low, moderate inflation could potentially have a positive impact on income inequality in the short-term. But the overall evidence suggests sustained high inflation tends to worsen inequality over the long run. The key is that the relationship is not monotonic and depends on the specific economic conditions and distribution of wealth/skills in the country.

Conclusion:

At last but not least in my opinion inflation is injustice to a common man as he/she has to manage the thing according to his/her affordability and i strongly believe that the government should think about most of the population who falls into middle class families and give them justice by not rapidly increasing the price of goods instead giving them idea beforehand so that they will have to be prepared mentally as well as financially...inflation should a boon to the man and not bane.

Thank you!!!

Ms. Siddhi Bhore
Second Year B. Pharm
ADCBP, Ashta

Green Technology

Green technology which is also called as sustainable technology takes impact on the environment. Recycling, renewable resources, safety disquiets, reducing and reusing are used in making of green technology. Green technology works with science and technology to protect the environment.as this technology helps in balancing the ecosystem it is referred to as clean technology. It is seen that nowadays companies consume more energy than what is needed which leads to pollution in the environment. Green technology which is also called as environmentally friendly Technology helps in making the technology without harming the nature. The aim of the green technology is to inhibit the natural resources and fresh the environment. Green technology uses the 3 mantras such as reduce, reuse, and recycle for the betterment of the environment. It reduces the emissions of toxic gases from the environment and it is used for saving the natural resources. The main purpose of green technology is to slow down the global warming and decrease the greenhouse gases (GHG). Green energy comes from sunlight, rain, tides, wind, and plants this energy is renewable

Goal of the Green Technology

- **Rethinking:** The goal of the rethinking is to think on changing the patterns of the production to reclaim or reuse the products.
- **Recycling:** It is the process of converting the waste materials into new ones. It is the waste discarding technique which can be used for saving the natural resources.
- **Renewing:** It is the process by which the renewable resources are used to save the natural resources. The things which can be used again and again are refurbished.
- **Reducing:** The waste which cannot be used again for eg: the electronics which are not in condition to be used are reduced.
- **Responsibility:** Green Technology takes the responsibility of maintaining the beauty of the nature by not harming the environment

Advantages of Green Technology

1. Does not emit anything harmful into the air
2. Can bring economic benefits to certain areas
3. Requires less maintenance so you don't have to shell out a lot of money to operate it
4. Renewable which means we will never run out
5. Can slow the effects of global warming by reducing CO2 emissions

Future Scope of green Technology

As we grasp before few years or before the execution of green technology there was lots of complications such as global warming, energy- shortages, pollution and we were facing many environmental issues. But since we have applied the green technology there is a change in the environment as well in the human life.

Now is up to us that how we look at green technology if we support the green IT then there would be a very moral change in the society. Green technology helps in blending the fossil fuels as well as the renewable energy from the environment and minimize the environmental influences. The green electricity is the freshest and the most valuable form of renewable energy. The green technology reliefs in reducing the emissions of toxic gases. It also chains in reducing the waste. It is assumed that both the electricity and hydrogen will become the future fuels as the distribution of electric and fuel cell vehicles is growing speedily. The green technology uses the renewable energy such as geo thermal energy, rain, wind, tides, algae and plants which decreases the global warming from the environment by saving the energy we can save the natural resources from getting harm by the toxic gases and global warming. Using the green products which are free from ozone depletion and toxic compounds can protect the nature

Challenges to green technology adoption

Generally, green technology is more expensive than the technology it aims to replace, because it accounts for the environmental costs that are externalized in many conventional production processes. Because it is relatively new, the associated development and training costs can make it even more costly in comparison with established technologies. The perceived benefits are also dependent on other factors such as supporting infrastructure, technology readiness, human resources capabilities and geographic elements. Hence, what could be a feasible green technology in one country or region may not be in another. Adoption and circulation of these technologies can be constrained by several other barriers. Some may be institutional, such as the lack of an appropriate regulatory framework; others may be technological, financial, political, cultural, or legal in nature

Conclusion

By using the green technology, we help to encourage an eco-friendly and domestic environment along with our welfares by dropping costs, wounding down of waste, and preserving energy. Green technology not only comprise in green computing but also emphases on the mechanisms used in the computers. Green technology correctly discourses the matter of global warming. Currently all the companies focus on the concept of green IT. Green technology tips to a lot of energy savings, decrease in production of CO₂ and CFC's which leads to environment defense. Green economy has a latent to realize sustainable development an eliminate poverty on an extraordinary scale.

Ms. Manisha Bad
Second Year B. Pharm
ADCBP, Ashta

Urban Exploration

Urban exploration is the act of accessing locations that are typically restricted to the public. It is also known as UE or urbex in some circles, but is often mistaken as simply the discovery of “urban decay” or “abandonment” properties. However, the broader definition also includes the exploration of rooftops, drains, sewers, construction sites, or any other location that may have restricted access. Urban exploration and photography are mutually exclusive activities, though most explorers have cameras on hand to capture their adventures. The activity presents various risks, including physical danger, the possibility of arrest and punishment if done illegally and/or without permission, and the risk of encountering squatters. Some activities associated with urban exploration may violate local or regional laws, certain broadly interpreted antiterrorism laws, or can be considered trespassing or invasion of privacy.

Encountering squatters, who are unauthorized occupants in abandoned or unmonitored properties, can lead to unpredictable and potentially dangerous situations. Urban exploration (often shortened as UE, urbex, and sometimes known as roof and tunnel hacking is the exploration of manmade structures, usually abandoned ruins or hidden components of the manmade environment. Photography and historical interest/documentation are heavily featured in the hobby, sometimes involving trespassing onto private property. Urban exploration is also called draining (a specific form of urban exploration where storm drains or sewers are explored) urban spelunking, urban rock climbing, urban caving, building hacking, or mousing.

Popularity:

- The rise in urban exploration's popularity can be attributed to increased media attention.
- Recent television shows such as Urban Explorers on the Discovery Channel, MTV's Fear, and the Ghost Hunting exploits of The Atlantic Paranormal Society have packaged the hobby for a popular audience.
- The fictional film After... (2006), a hallucinatory thriller set in Moscow's underground subways, features urban explorers caught up in extreme situations.
- Talks and exhibits on urban exploration have appeared at the fifth and sixth Hackers on Planet Earth Conference, complementing numerous newspaper articles and interviews.
- Another source of popular information is Cities of the Underworld, a documentary series that ran for three seasons on the History Channel starting in 2007.
- This series roamed around the world, showing little-known underground structures in remote locales and right under the feet of densely packed city-dwellers. Websites for professional and hobby explorers have been developed to share tips and locations.
- With the rise in the hobby's popularity, there has been increasing discussion of whether the extra attention has been beneficial.

Methods and Technology:

- Some urban explorers use action cameras such as GoPro or other helmet cameras for videos.
- Some also use quadcopter drones for exploration and recording.
- The location-based games Ingress and the following Pokémon Go based on the former have urban exploration elements. While some are concerned with keeping certain sites secret from the public at large, mainly to prevent vandalism, several apps dedicated to urban exploration exists.

Conclusion:

Urban exploration is a captivating subculture filled with adventure, history, and an undeniable allure for those who seek it. Armed with knowledge of these urban exploration terms and facts, you are now better equipped to appreciate the world of urbex.

Ms. Vaishnavi Jadhav
Second Year B. Pharm
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Cyber Crimes

Cyber Crime is a term used to broadly describe criminal activity in which computers or computer networks are a tool, a target, or a place of criminal activity and include everything from electronic cracking to denial-of-service attacks. It is also used to include traditional crimes in which computers or networks are used to enable the illicit activity. Computer crime mainly consists of unauthorized access to computer systems data alteration, data destruction, theft of intellectual property. Cybercrime in the context of national security may involve hacking, traditional espionage, or information warfare and related activities.

Assuming someone's Identity, Sexual Harassment, Defamation, Spam and Phishing are some examples where computers are used to commit crime, whereas Viruses, Worms and Industrial Espionage, Software Piracy and Hacking are examples where computers become target of crime.

Cybercrime is a fast-growing field of scam. More and more offenders are misusing the pace, accessibility, and anonymity of the Internet to perform several fields of illegal movements that recognize no frontiers both physically or virtually, which create severe harm and profess very substantial warnings to sufferers worldwide. Cybercrime is a serious problem in our digital world, where criminals use computers and the internet to commit illegal activities. It is essential to learn about cybercrime to protect ourselves and stay safe online.

One common type of cybercrime is hacking. Hackers break into computer systems or networks without permission, stealing sensitive information like passwords, financial data, or personal details. They can also cause damage by spreading viruses or malware that can harm our devices.

Another form of cybercrime is online fraud. This occurs when criminals trick people into giving them money or personal information through fake emails, websites, or online scams. They might pretend to be someone they are not, like a bank or a trusted company, to deceive their victims.

Cyberbullying is another serious cybercrime that affects many people, especially children and teenagers. It involves using technology to harass, threaten, or embarrass others. Cyberbullies may spread rumors, send hurtful messages, or share embarrassing photos or videos online.

To protect ourselves from cybercrime, we must take steps to stay safe online. This includes using strong passwords, being cautious about sharing personal information online, and being skeptical of suspicious emails or messages. We should also treat others with kindness and respect online and speak up if we see someone being cyberbullied. Educating ourselves and others about cybercrime is crucial for creating a safer online environment for everyone. By understanding the risks and knowing how to protect ourselves, we can enjoy the benefits of technology while staying safe from cyber threats. Remember, staying safe online is everyone's responsibility.

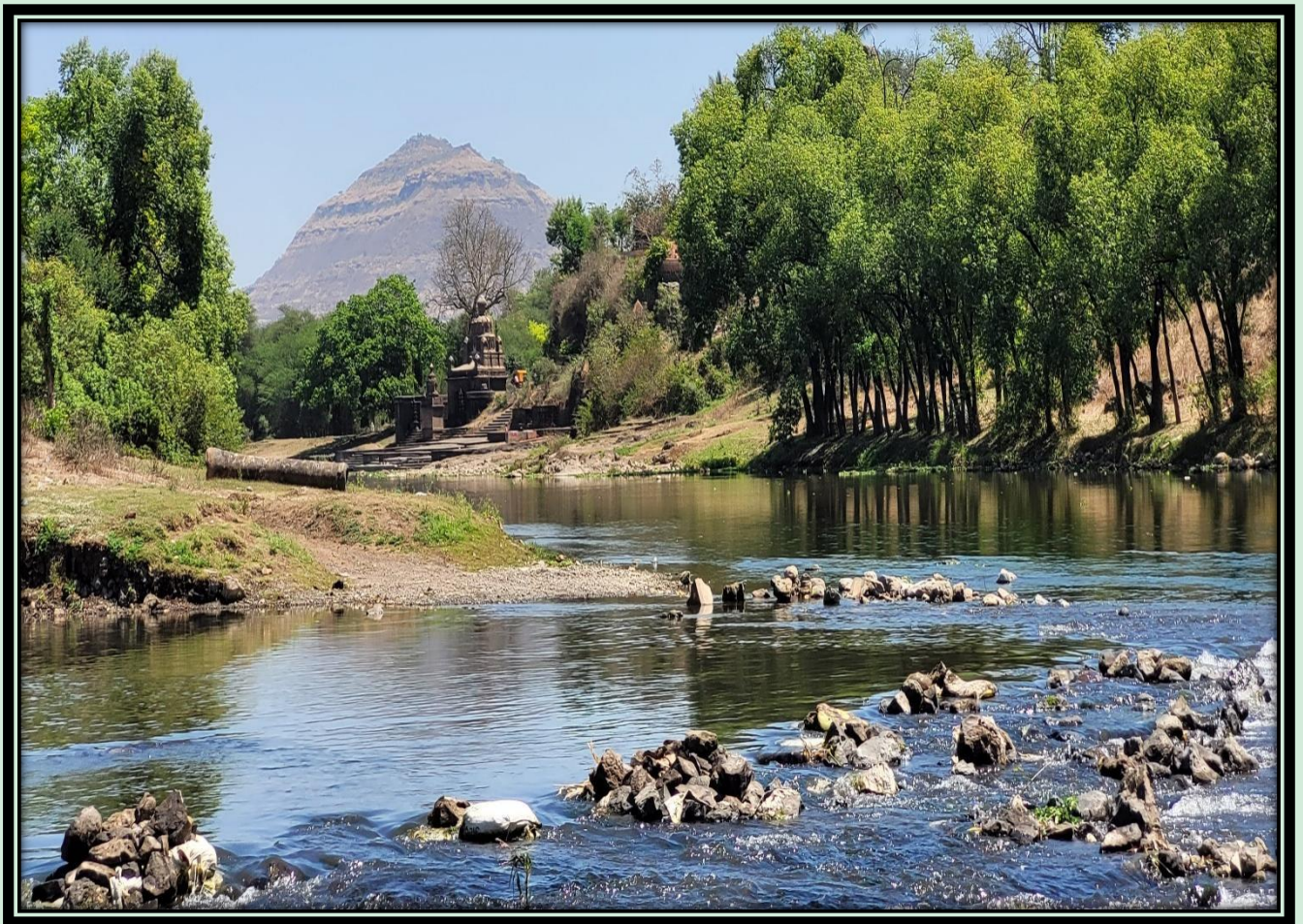
Ms. Aishwarya Jadhav

Second Year B. Pharm

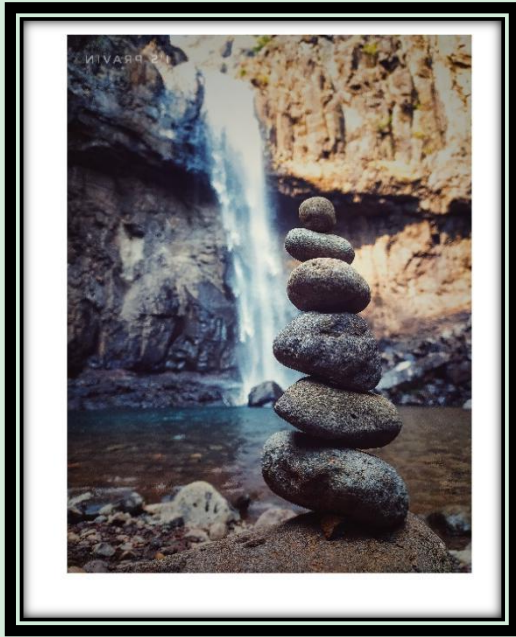
ADCBP, Ashta



- ❖ *The art of capturing something to create as a memory for lifetime is photography.*
- ❖ *It includes a person/an event/a thing/a scenery/ anything it can be.*
- ❖ *Everybody has their own point of view on seeing the things and capturing them and every photograph is beautiful in its own.*
- ❖ *Have a small glimpse on some of the beautiful photographs captured by our students.*



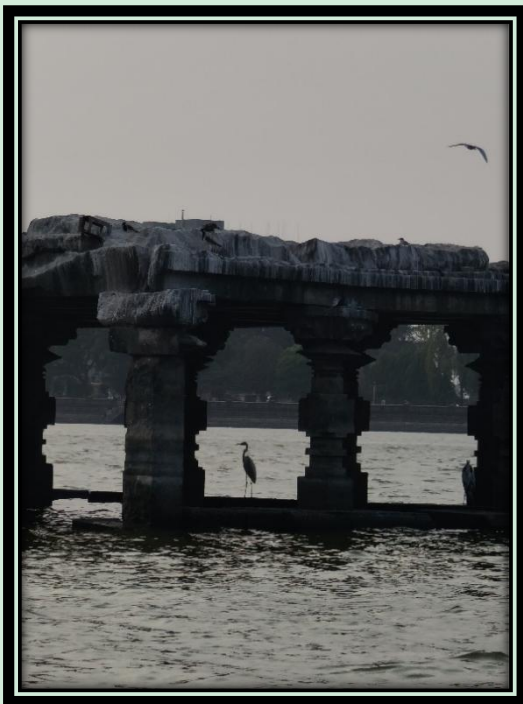
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Mr. Pravin Salunkhe



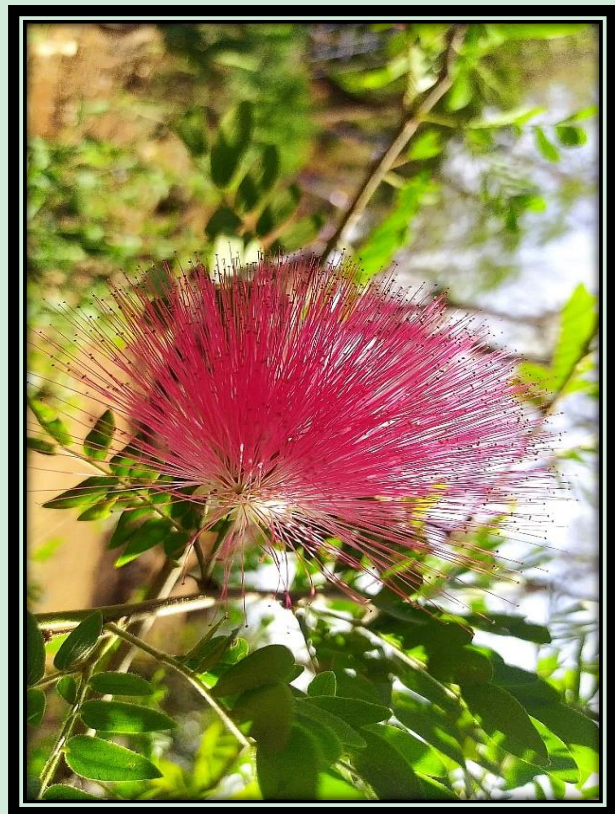
Mr. Manish kumbhar



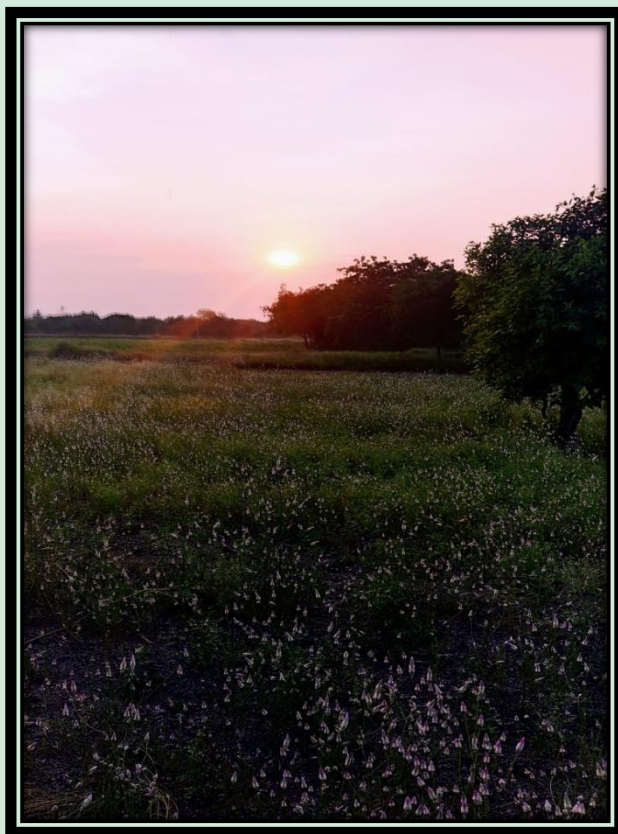
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Ms. Purva Magdum



Ms. Vishwaja Alavekar



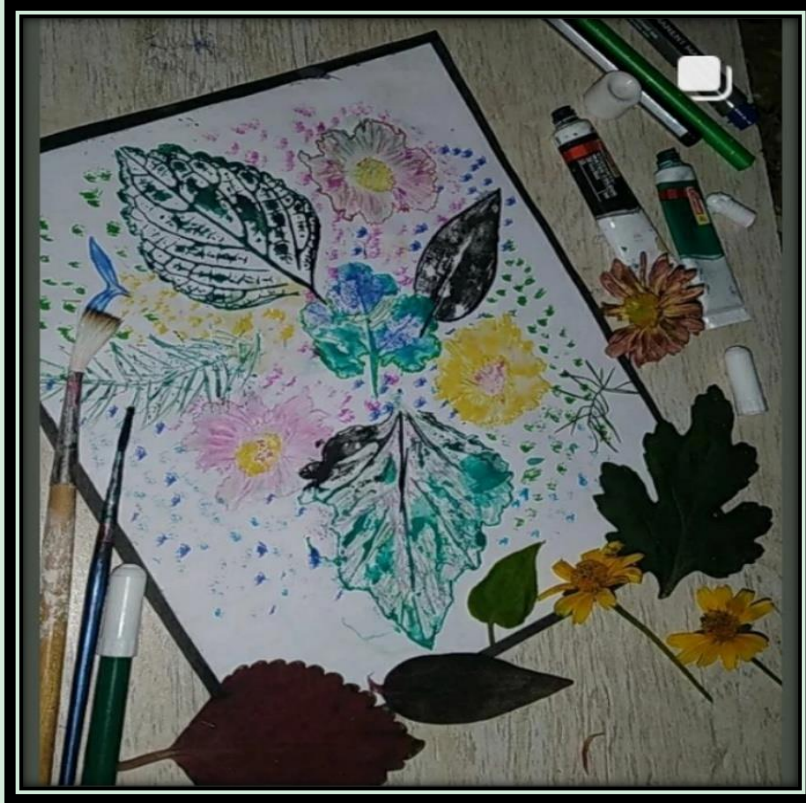
Ms. Anuja gaikwad



- ❖ *Art is something that stimulates an individual's thoughts, emotions, beliefs, or ideas through the senses.*
- ❖ *It includes any creative work / an act of making something visually entertaining / a form of expressing oneself.*
- ❖ *Let us have a glimpse on some of our students' creations.*



Ms. Shruti Aute



Ms. Aishwarya jadhav



Ms. Srushti Gaikwad



NSS ACTIVITIES

- ❖ *National Service Scheme (NSS) was introduced in 1969 with the primary objective of developing the personality and character of the student youth through voluntary community service. 'Education through Service' is the purpose of the NSS.*
- ❖ *The ideological orientation of the NSS is inspired by the ideals of Mahatma Gandhi. Very appropriately, the motto of NSS is "NOT ME, BUT YOU" An NSS volunteer places the 'community' before 'self'*
- ❖ *Annasaheb Dange College of B Pharmacy has organized many such activities to develop the personality of students.*
 - *Tree plantation*
 - *Yoga day*
 - *Guest lectures*
 - *Blood Donation Camps*
 - *Health Checkup Camp*
 - *Donation to needy people*
- ❖ *Have a glimpse on the activities carried out by our students.*









CULTURAL EVENTS



FRESHERS DAY

- ❖ A celebration intended to extend a kind welcome to newcomers, enhance the feeling of community, and motivate juniors.
- ❖ A celebration not only to welcome the students but also to the new teaching faculty.
- ❖ The fresher's day was filled with excitement, joy, music, enthusiasm, laughter, and happiness. Have a glimpse on the photographs.





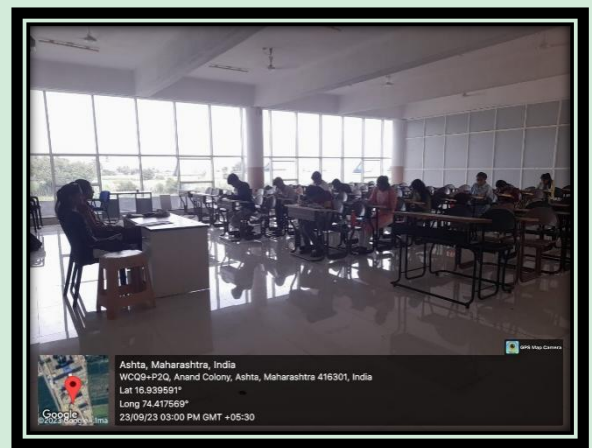
Ms. Fresher and Mr. Fresher of ADCBP

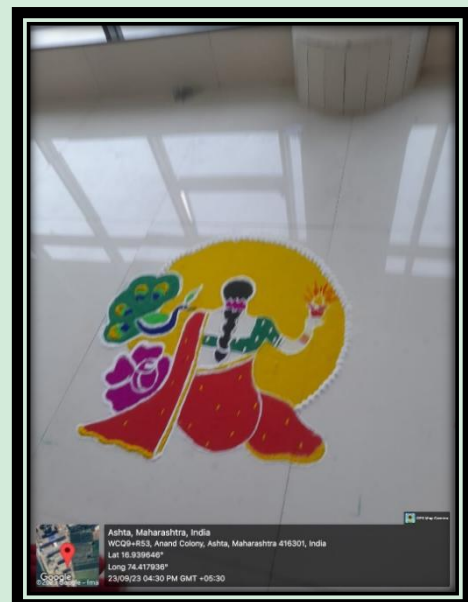
GANESH CHATURTHI

- ❖ *One of the most auspicious Hindu festivals celebrated with lot of enthusiasm across the country, especially in Maharashtra, Gujarat, Odisha, Uttar Pradesh, Karnataka, and Andhra Pradesh.*
- ❖ *The festival is dedicated to Lord Ganesha, the son of Lord Shiva and Goddess Parvati and the god of knowledge, wealth, and new beginnings.*
- ❖ *The festival was celebrated in the institute with lot of enthusiasm among the students by organizing pooja to idol, different competitions like rangoli and drawing and donations to orphanage.*
- ❖ *Have a glimpse on some of the photographs.*



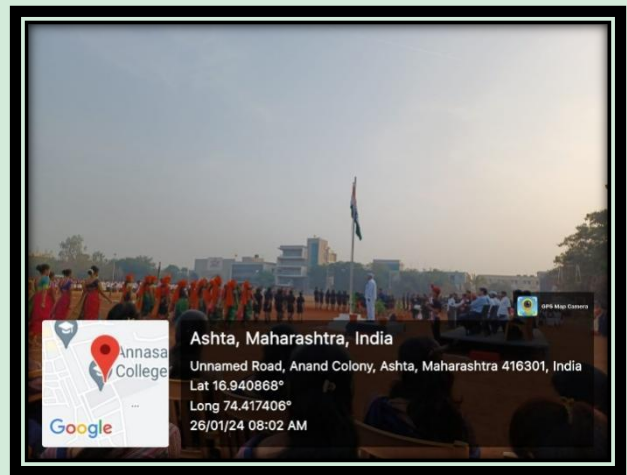






REPUBLIC DAY

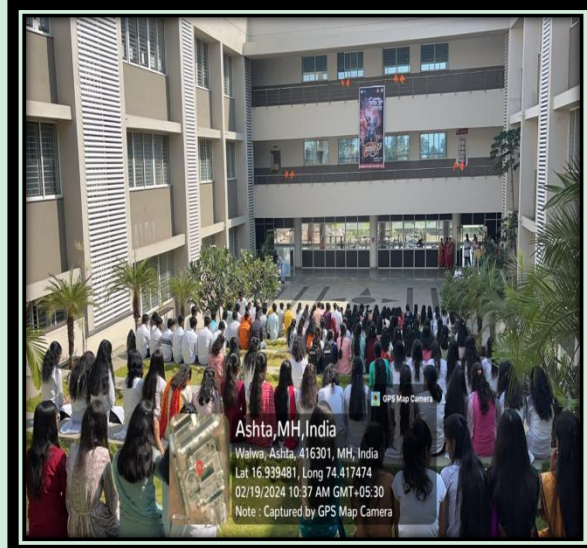
- ❖ The parade theme of Republic Day 2k24 is 'Viksit Bharat' and 'Bharat – Loktantra ki Matraka', emphasising India's role as a nurturer of democracy.
- ❖ The event started with flag hoisting, Chief guest speech and Students expressed their patriotism by performing different activities on our country's culture.



SHIVAJI MAHARAJ JAYANTI

- ❖ Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj Jayanti falls on February 19 each year. It marks the birth anniversary of Shivaji Maharaj, who was born on this day in the year 1630 in the hill fort of Shivneri, located near the city of Junnar in Pune district of Maharashtra.
- ❖ Have a glimpse on the celebrations our students have done.





Third year B. Pharm students of ADCBP

ALUMNI MEET

- ❖ *The Alumni association of Annasaheb Dange College of Pharmacy Ashta, Dist-Sangli organized the Alumni Meet on Tuesday, 20th February 2024, at ADCP Campus Ashta.*
- ❖ *Program initially started with Sanstha Geet written by our founder Chairman SDSS Honorable Dr. Annasaheb Dange(Appa), then Lamp lightening ceremony, followed by felicitating the chief guest Hon'ble Vice Chancellor Pravara University Dr. V.N.Magare, accompanied by Hon'ble Adv R.R.Dange Secretary SDSS, Hon'ble Prof. R.A. Kanai Executive Director SDSS Islampur, Prof. Dr. M.G.Saralaya, Principal ADCBP, Ashta, Prof. Dr. V. R. Patil, Director, ADCET Ashta and other dignitaries on the dais.*
- ❖ *All the dignitaries addressed the students on their career prosperous and congratulated the students for successfully achieving their goals by felicitating.*
- ❖ *Coordinator of the event Ms. Shailaja P. Desai ended the program with her vote of thanks.*
- ❖ *Have a glimpse on the Alumni meet 2k24 photographs.*

Lamp Lightening ceremony





Felicitation of Dignitaries



Dignitaries motivating the students





Felicitation of the students for their achievements









ASPIRE 2K24

- ❖ *Aspire 2k24 was filled with more fun and laughter.*
- ❖ *Students has shown their enthusiasm in performances like singing, dancing, fashion shows, games, skits, and dramas.*
- ❖ *Best out of performances was awarded with prizes and all the students were encouraged to continue this zeal in their future by the respected principal Prof (Dr.) M.G. Saralaya, ADCBP.*
- ❖ *Have a glimpse on the photographs of student's performances.*











MAHARASHTRA DAY

❖ *Have a glimpse on the celebration of Maharashtra state formation day.*



FAREWELL 2K24

- ❖ *An emotional event where the final year students get to say good bye to the institute to achieve future dreams further.*



FAREWELL 2K21-24

@salunkhepravin10



SP  **RTS**

- ❖ *Annasaheb Dange College of B Pharmacy, Ashta has organized sports week in the month of February to improve the physical ability and skills among students.*
- ❖ *Competitions were held among all year students and total points were calculated in all the games to decide the General Championship 2024.*
- ❖ *Not only students but also all the faculty members have participated with same enthusiasm in all the sports organized.*
- ❖ *List of sports organized*
 - *Cricket*
 - *Volleyball*
 - *Badminton*
 - *Table tennis*
 - *Carrom*
 - *Chess*
 - *Athletics*
 - *Throw ball*
- ❖ *Have a glimpse on the sports events where our students are very active in giving their best.*











The End